



Dec
2025

Zanaga Iron Ore Company

Company Presentation

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Zanaga Project at a Glance



LARGE SCALE

6.9Bt Resource / 2.1Bt Reserve
Large Strategic Scale Orebody



HIGH GRADE

68.5% - 69.1% Fe¹
Premium DRI² Grade Product



SIMPLE LOGISTICS

Simple transport and
logistics solution



LOW COST

1st Quartile Cost Curve
Low Operating Cost



LONG LIFE

30+ Year asset life
12-30 Mtpa



HIGH EBITDA MARGIN

EBITDA +US\$2Bn/yr
Significant EBITDA Generation

Permits awarded and enshrined in law by the Republic of Congo
Government and Mine Operating Agreement legislated

1) June 2025 test work confirmation: Stage One (12Mtpa) Hematite 68.5% Fe grade and Stage Two (18Mtpa) Magnetite 69.1% Fe grade
2) DRI: Direct Reduced Iron

Investment Highlights



Attractive project economics, 100% ownership



Stable jurisdiction with a supportive government



Expected to deliver +68% Fe DRI-grade pellet feed product



First class asset with first-quartile cash cost



Multiple near-term value levers



World-class team with deep project knowledge and execution capability

The Zanaga story has materially improved in the last year



Recent developments expected to provide a clear pathway to production

1) BF: Blast Furnace; EAF: Electric Arc Furnace
2) Source: AME June 2025



02

Board & Management Team

Experienced Board and Management

Board of Directors



Clifford Elphick

Non-Executive Chairman

- 36 years experience in the mining sector
- Founder and CEO of Gem Diamonds Ltd
- Ex-Anglo American, E Oppenheimer & Son, and De Beers



Martin Knauth

Chief Executive Officer

- 30 years global experience in project development, operational effectiveness and transformational growth
- Former COO and Ops Director roles for Vale, Glencore, Sherritt Metals, KAZ Minerals and WMC



Clinton James Dines

Non-Executive Director

- 36 years experience in the mining sector
- Former President of BHP Billiton China
- Non Executive Director of Fonterra



Johnny Velloza

Non-Executive Director

- 31 years experience in the mining sector
- Former General Manager at Mining Area C, the largest iron ore mine in the BHP portfolio
- Former COO of Gem Diamonds Ltd



Phillip Mitchell

Non-Executive Director

- CFO of I-Pulse
- Former Head of Business Development at Rio Tinto. Played a key role in the development of Rio Tinto's iron ore division to >300Mtpa production

Experienced Board and Management

Key Management



Colin Harris

Lead Technical Expert

- 40 years experience in the mining sector
- Former Project Manager Rio Tinto Simandou
- Former Project Manager Zanaga Iron Ore Project



Gary Vallerius

Chief Financial Officer

- 30 years experience in the mining sector
- Former CFO Rio Tinto Simandou Project



Florent Lager

AGA MPD Congo

- 20 years experience in the mining sector
- Legal Director since 2011 and AGA since 2015



Andrew Trahar

Corporate Development and IR Manager

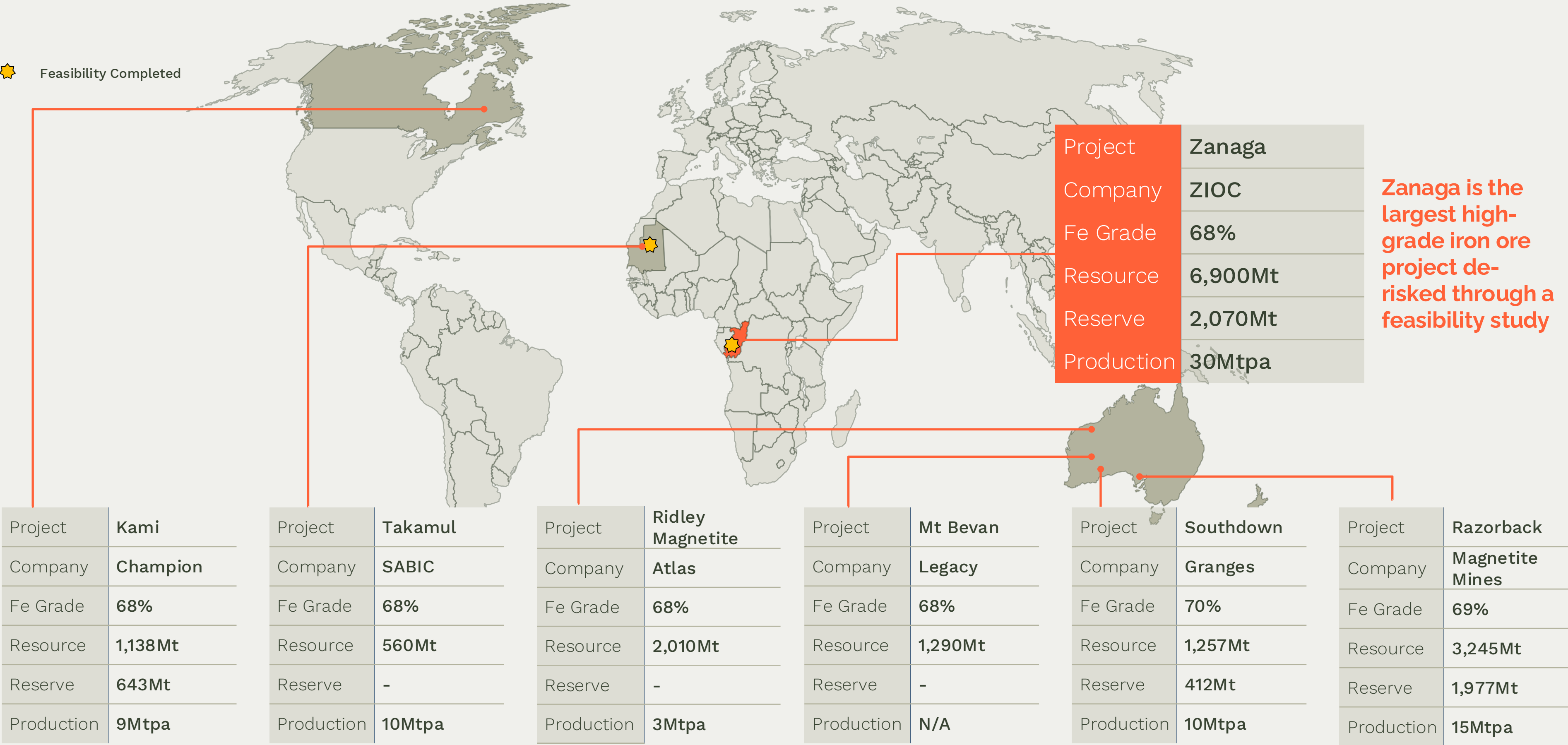
- 17 years mining transaction experience
- Co-Founder Vision Blue Resources mining Private Equity Fund (US\$650 AuM)
- Former JPMorgan Corporate Finance



03

Asset Overview

Iron Ore projects with +68% Fe grade product¹



Data Source: Company Reports
1) Project feasibility and pre-feasibility stage projects +68% Fe grade and resource base more than 500Mt

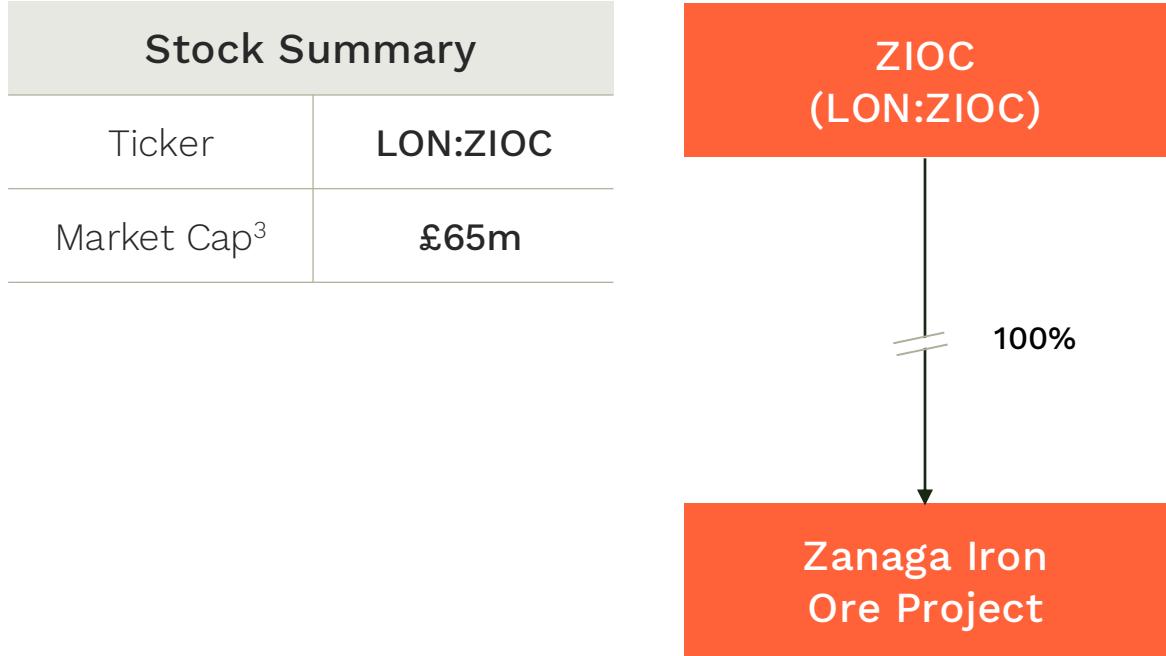
Company Overview

Project Overview

	Reserve	Resources
Tonnage	2.1 bn	6.9 bn
Phase	Stage 1	Stage 2
Production Scale	12Mtpa	+18Mtpa (30Mtpa total)
Product	68.5% Fe	68.5% Fe
Opex FOB ¹	US\$ 31.5 / dmt	US\$ 24.9 / dmt
Opex CFR ²	US\$ 59.6 / dmt	US\$ 53.4 / dmt
Capex	US\$ 1,935mm	US\$ 1,871mm

Source: Company Filings and 2024 FS Cost Update
¹ FOB price excluding royalties
² Assumes freight rate of \$24/wmt and government royalty based on a DRI Pricing Case (65% Fe US\$115/t, 68% Fe US\$130/t) with the mine producing DRI-grade product

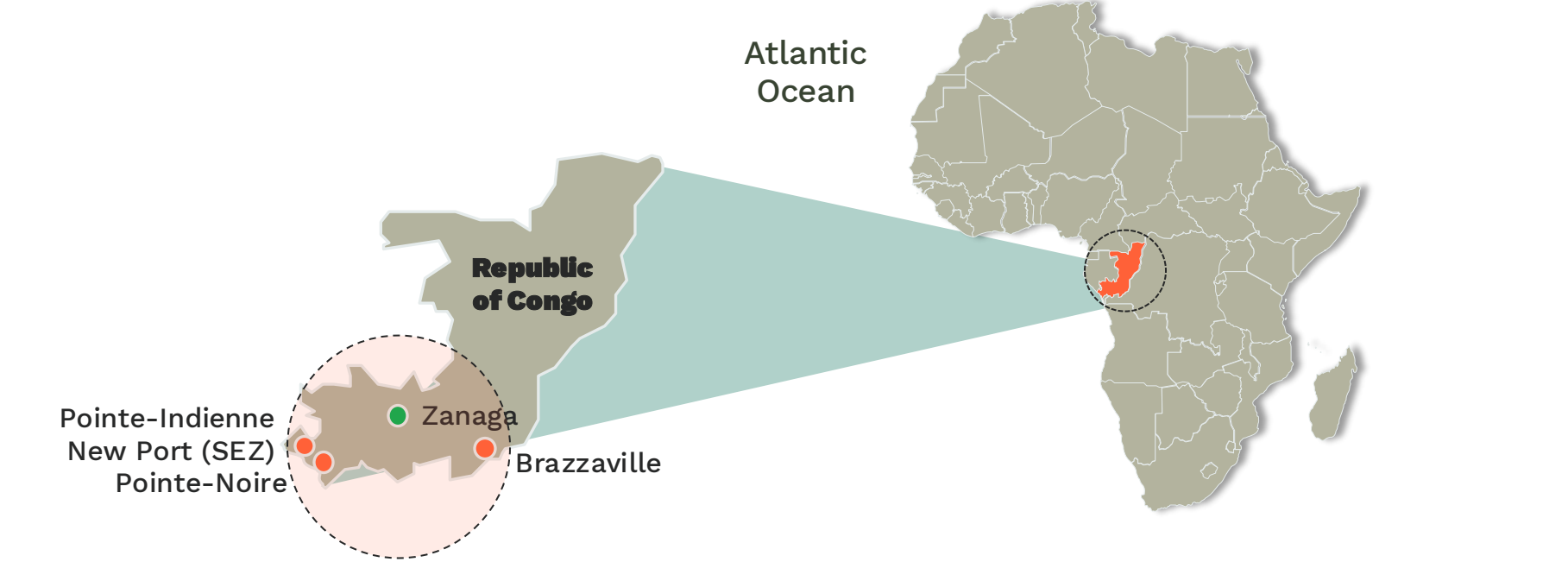
Ownership Overview



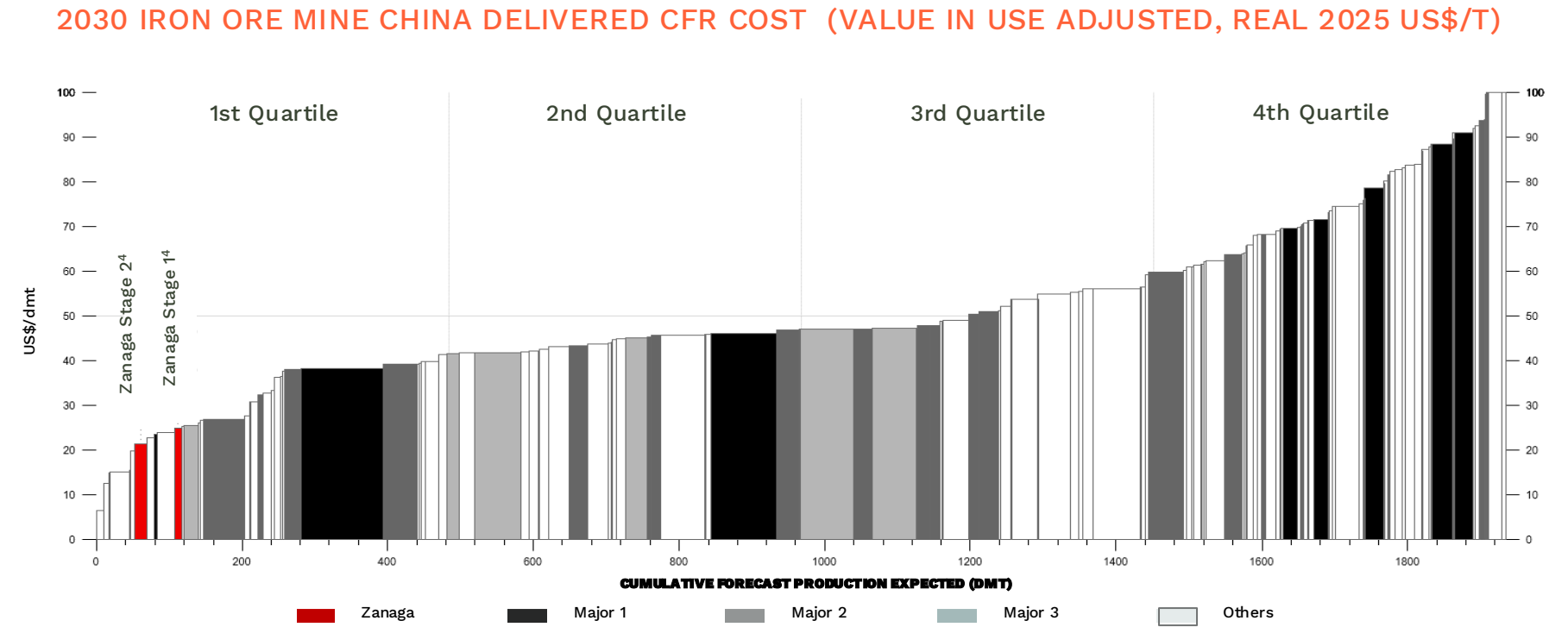
3) As of 26th November 2025, share price of GBp7.78/share

4) Source: AME February 2025
As per 2024 Feasibility Study results released by the Company, Cash costs (including Royalty) of US\$33.4/dmt CFR for 66% product in Stage 1, and US\$27.1/dmt in Stage 2 – both expected to receive a significant price premia. Freight rate of US\$24/dmt. (adjusted for Value in Use estimated by AME proportionate to the iron content of the product)
Note: Based on DRI prices case (65% Fe US\$115/t, 68% Fe US\$130/t) with mine producing DRI-grade product, Cash costs (including Royalty) is US\$33.5/dmt in Stage 1, and US\$27.2/dmt in Stage 2

Project Location

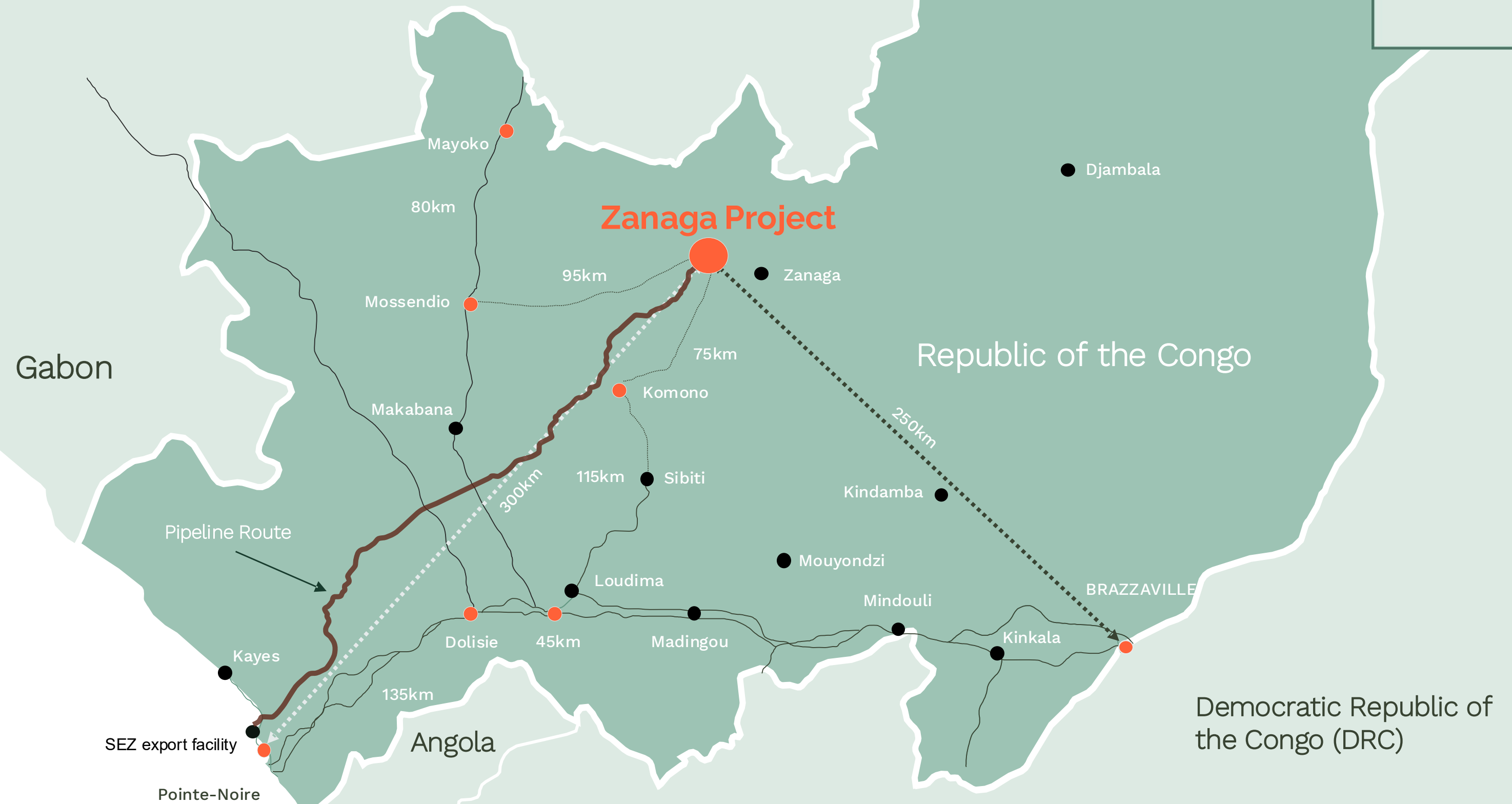


Bottom Quartile Operating Costs⁴



Location and overview of logistics route options

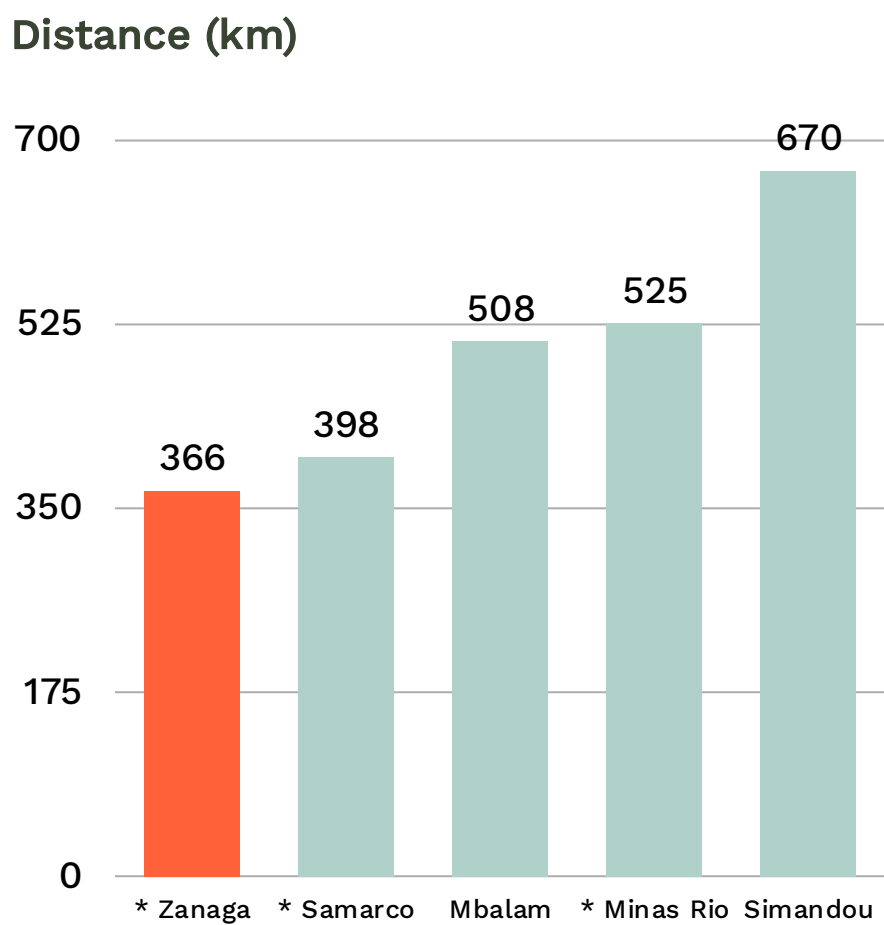
30Mtpa project requires construction of mine, process and operations infrastructure at the Zanaga Project site, buried pipeline, and concentrate handling facilities at Pointe Indienne.



Cost-efficient infrastructure solutions

Zanaga's competitive cost position is aided by attractive infrastructure solutions

Shorter Distance to Port vs other Major Iron Ore Assets



Source: Company Filings
* Major iron ore assets utilising slurry pipeline transportation solutions

Pipeline

- ✓ Significant environmental and cost advantage
 - 366km buried concentrate pipeline from mine to port at Pointe-Indienne, only one intermediate pump station required.
 - Maximum pipeline gradient 12%.
- ✓ Single central government approval - contrast to Brazil, where negotiations with numerous private landowners are required.
- ✓ Less arduous terrain than Brazil, requiring fewer pump stations.

Port

- Multiple port solutions available
- Trans-shipping solution (per 2014 FS)
 - ✓ Stage 1 trans-shipping self-propelled shuttles which service capesize vessels up to 250 DWT.
- Large deepwater port
 - ✓ Direct loading of capesize vessels through new Pointe Indienne mineral port.



Strategic Partnership with Arise

MoU signed on 11 Dec 2024 to collaborate and advance development of the Zanaga Project's onshore and offshore port infrastructure within the Arise SEZ

Power

- Multiple power solutions being developed
- National grid connection (per 2014 FS)
 - ✓ Plan to use excess power from national grid, as per 2014 FS.
- Hydro power solutions
 - ✓ Multiple hydro power developers engaged, and numerous sites identified.



Strategic Partnership with CEC

MoU signed on 3 Feb 2025 to evaluate potential solutions to supply Zanaga Project's power demand, leveraging CEC's existing 484 MW energy assets

The Zanaga Project is a globally significant iron ore resource

One of the only large, high grade, long-life, iron ore assets not controlled by existing major iron ore producers
Orebody supports >30 year mine life

Large Scale Reserves & Resources

MINERAL RESOURCE STATEMENT

Classification	Tonnes Mt	Fe %	SiO ₂ %	Al ₂ O ₃ %	P %
Measured	2,330	33.7	43.1	3.4	0.05
Indicated	2,460	30.4	46.8	3.2	0.05
Inferred	2,100	31	46	3	0.1
Total	6,900	32	45	3	0.05

ORE RESERVE STATEMENT

Classification	Tonnes Mt	Fe %
Probable Ore Reserves	1,296	31.8
Proved Ore Reserves	774	37.3
Total Ore Reserves	2,070	33.9

- ✓ >178,000m of exploration drilling has resulted in a large, well defined ore body
- ✓ Only 27km of the 47km orebody length has been drilled to date

Source: Company Filings: Mineral Resources and Reserves reported in accordance with the JORC Code, and reported in Zanaga Iron Ore Company's 2024 Annual Report.

Positioning Zanaga as a Globally Significant Reserve¹

Country	Operator	Project	Total Resource (mt)	Total Reserve (mt)
Australia	Iron Road Ltd	Central Eyre	3,363	3,681
Brazil	Vale	Minas Itabirito	n.a.	3,681
Brazil	Vale	Carajás S11D	1,073	3,431
Brazil	Anglo American	Minas-Rio (Itab.)	1,431	2,264
Peru	Shougang	Marcona	n.a.	2,140
Congo	ZIOC	Zanaga	6,890	2,070
Canada	ArcelorMittal	AMMC	4,624	1,818
Guinea	Baowu/ Hongqiao	Simandou North	n.a.	1,800
Australia	BHP	Mining Area C	4,420	1,758
USA	Essar	Minnesota Steel	1,969	1,679
Brazil	Vale	Carajas Serra Norte	1,200	1,547
Australia	Rio Tinto	Brockman	1,998	1,532
Guinea	Rio Tinto/Chinalco	Simandou South	1,360	1,499
Kazakhstan	ERG	SSGPO	4,387	1,477
Brazil	CSN	Casa de Pedra	2,669	1,428
China	Baotou I&S	Baiyun	n.a.	1,400
Australia	BHP	Jimblebar	420	1,290
Brazil	Anglo American	Minas-Rio (Hem.)	289	1,054
Australia	BHP	Mt. Whaleback	3,180	680
Australia	Rio Tinto	Marra Mamba	5,386	621
Australia	Rio Tinto	Channel Iron	8,158	512

Assets already controlled by existing Major Iron Ore Producers

Source: AME as of March 2025
Only included assets that have reserves.

Zanaga Project will Produce High Grade DRI Pellet Feed

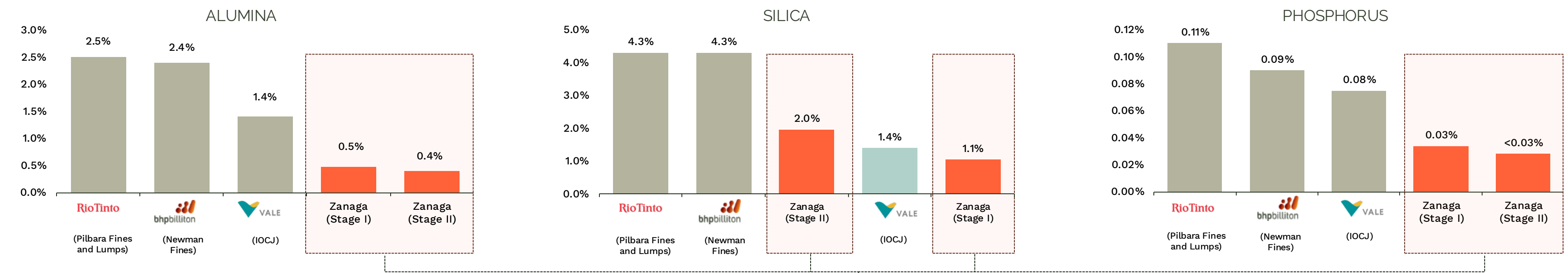
Zanaga has high-grade pellet feed product to achieve “DRI Grade” for direct use in electric arc furnaces

High Grade Product with High Fe Content and Low Impurities

- ✓ High-quality, low-impurity pellet feed product
- ✓ High iron content will command a price premium
- ✓ Stage 2 expansion provides the option to produce two products or blend
- ✓ Product suitable for direct feed to pellet plants (size approx 80% passing 45 microns)
- ✓ Primary test work conducted in an internationally accredited laboratory in China
- ✓ Independently verified in an internationally accredited laboratory in the UK

Zanaga Iron	DRI Results		June 2025	DRI Quality	Rio Tinto New Iron Ore Specifications ¹
	Stage 1 2024 FS	Stage 2 2024 FS			RioTinto IODEX
Fe (%)	68.5%	69.1%		≥67	60.8%
Alumina (%)	0.47%	0.40%		<0.5	2.5%
Silica (%)	1.05%	1.96%		<2.0	4.3%
Phoshorus (%)	0.034%	0.025%		≤0.03	0.11%

Very Low Impurity Product Against the Global Majors



 Zanaga DRI Results Q2 2025

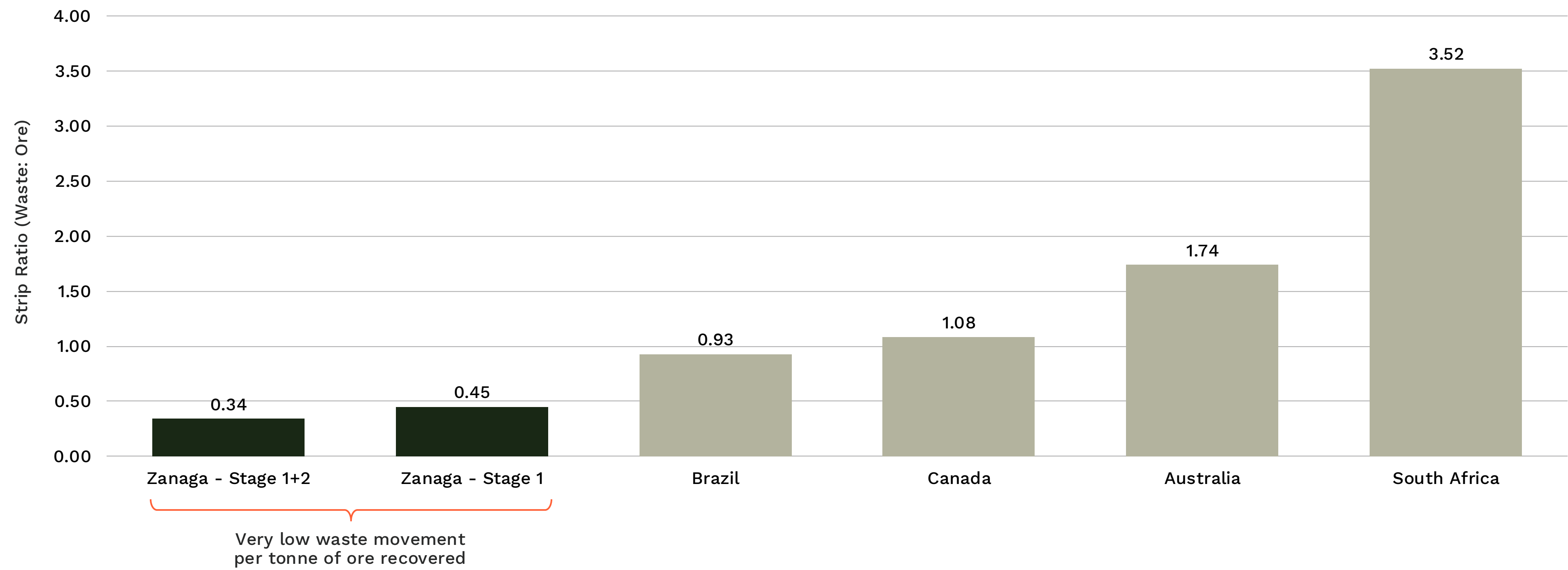
Very low impurities versus some of the leading iron ore producers globally – a key strength of the project

Source: Company information and SP Global
1) From Q3'25 for Pilbara Blend Fines (PBF) + Pilbara Blend Lump (PBL)

Low Strip Ratio: Key for Low Operating Costs

Low ratio of waste material movement per tonne of ore

Attractive Resource Profile and Low Strip Ratio



Source: CRU as of 1 April 2020

2024 Feasibility Study cost update confirmed attractive project economics

Reasonable capex upfront, with high cash flow generation, enabling self-financing of Stage Two expansion

Returns, Capital and Operating Cost Estimates¹

Capex US\$m	Stage 1	Stage 2
FEED	17	9
Pre Production	8	1
Mine Site & Processing Facilities	650	623
Pipeline	438	485
Port Yard Facilities	133	117
Total Direct Costs	1,246	1,235
Indirects, Owners Costs, EPCM, Cont.	689	636
Total Costs	1,935	1,871

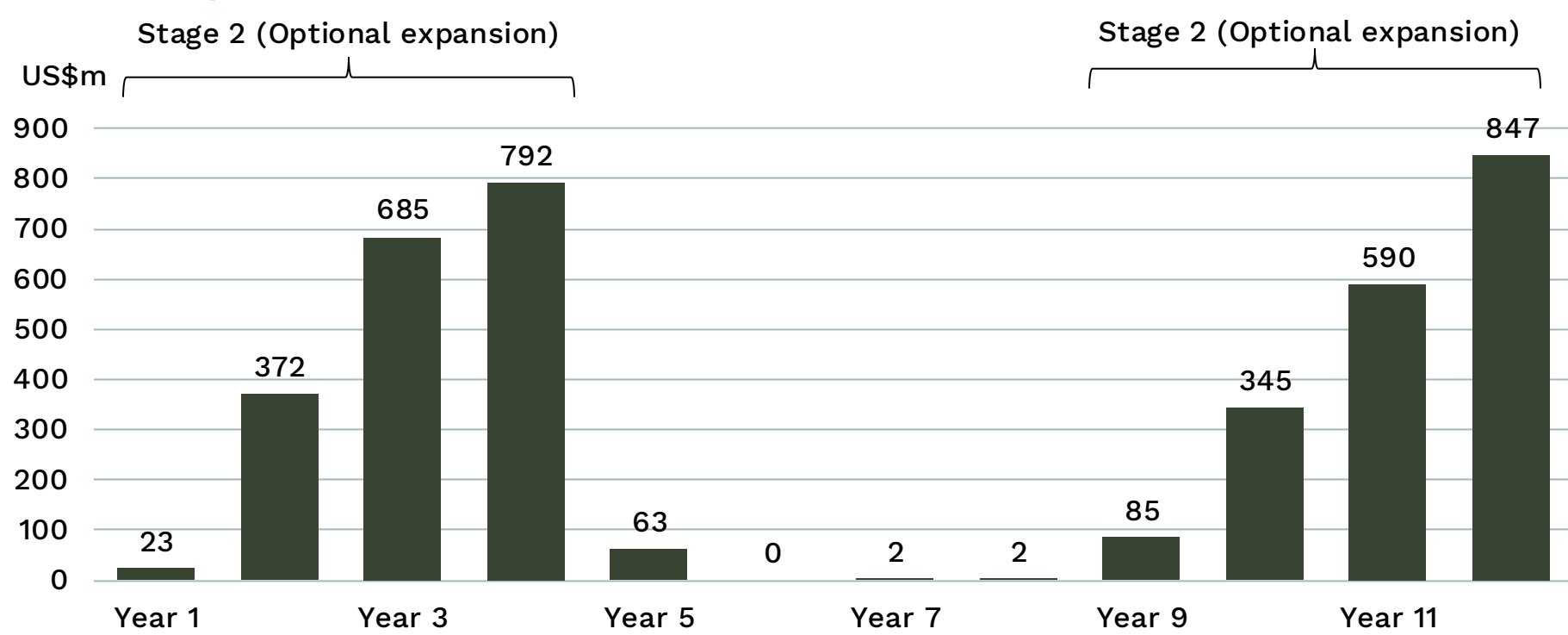
Opex US\$/dmt	Stage 1	Stage 2
Mining, Processing and Facilities	20.0	18.2
Pipeline	2.5	2.3
Port Area	6.8	3.3
G&A	2.1	1.1
Cash Cost (excl royalties)	31.5	24.9
Royalty	2.1	2.4
Cost – FOB	33.6	27.3

Fe Price	Economics ¹	Stage 1	Stage 1+2
	NPV _{10%} (US\$m)	2,853	5,206
\$115 /dmt (65% Fe)	IRR	25.7%	26.7%
\$130/dmt (68%Fe)	Av. EBITDA (US\$m)	874	2,008

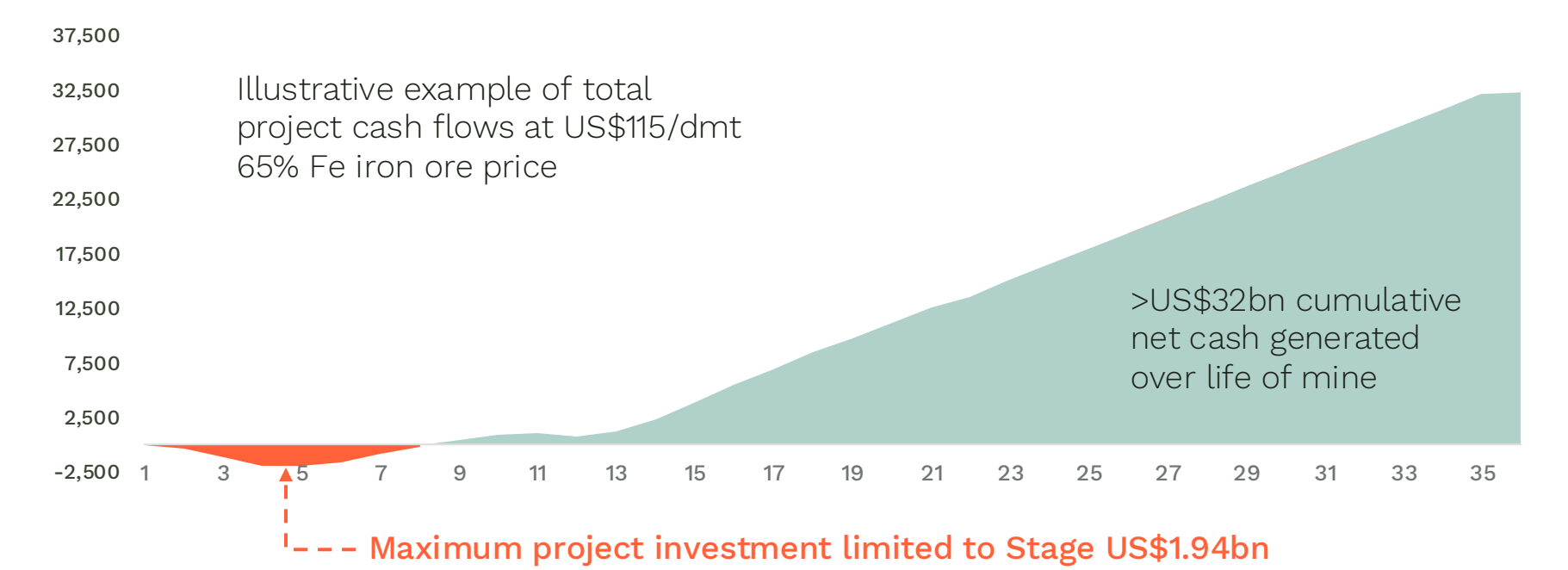
Assuming US\$1bn equity investment into Stage 1, cash flows expected self-finance Stage 2 expansion.

Source: Zanaga 2024 Feasibility Study update & Company Filings. Basis of FS estimates: 1) Contract mining first 5 years 2) Third party port “marine” construction and power supply 3) Stage 1 road upgrades included in Government programme
Note on capex: Stage 1 capital costs estimated to FS level of definition. Stage 2 costs supported by a lower level of engineering (PFS level) but significantly leverages the work completed for Stage 1. Cost escalation excluded from the capital cost estimate. Stage 2 port capital cost estimates assumes use of third-party port facility at Pointe-Indienne
Note on opex: Royalty, included in operating costs, calculated at U\$115/dmt IODEX 65%Fe
Note on G&A opex: Includes environmental and communities
¹ Post DRI test works, mine producing DRI products garde

Phased Capex Profile



Stage 2 potentially financed by Stage 1 cash flows





04

Company Strategy

New strategic direction targets high value upside opportunities

01

Background

Investor engagement process resulted in key agreed next steps

- ✓ Project enhancement workstreams identified for immediate acceleration
- ✓ Formal discussions with Strategic Project Investors to launch immediately as part of the construction consortium process

NPV Upside Targeted

Reduced project engineering complexity and opportunity to supply high value product to strategic steel customers

Key next steps launching immediately

Project value enhancement workstreams

- ✓ High value potential from four key workstreams – fully funded

01 Product quality Direct Reduction Iron test work

02 Pellet plant Feasibility Study

03 Single 30Mtpa capacity pipeline Feasibility Study

04 Thickened and Dry Tailings Study

Project development consortium

- ✓ Objective to advance Zanaga project to a construction decision and maximise value for ZIOC shareholders

Project governance: Establishment of a Technical Committee to drive objectives of the project

- ✓ Technical committee established – including representation from Greymont Bay technical teams

Global steel industry experiencing major structural change

DRI Test Work

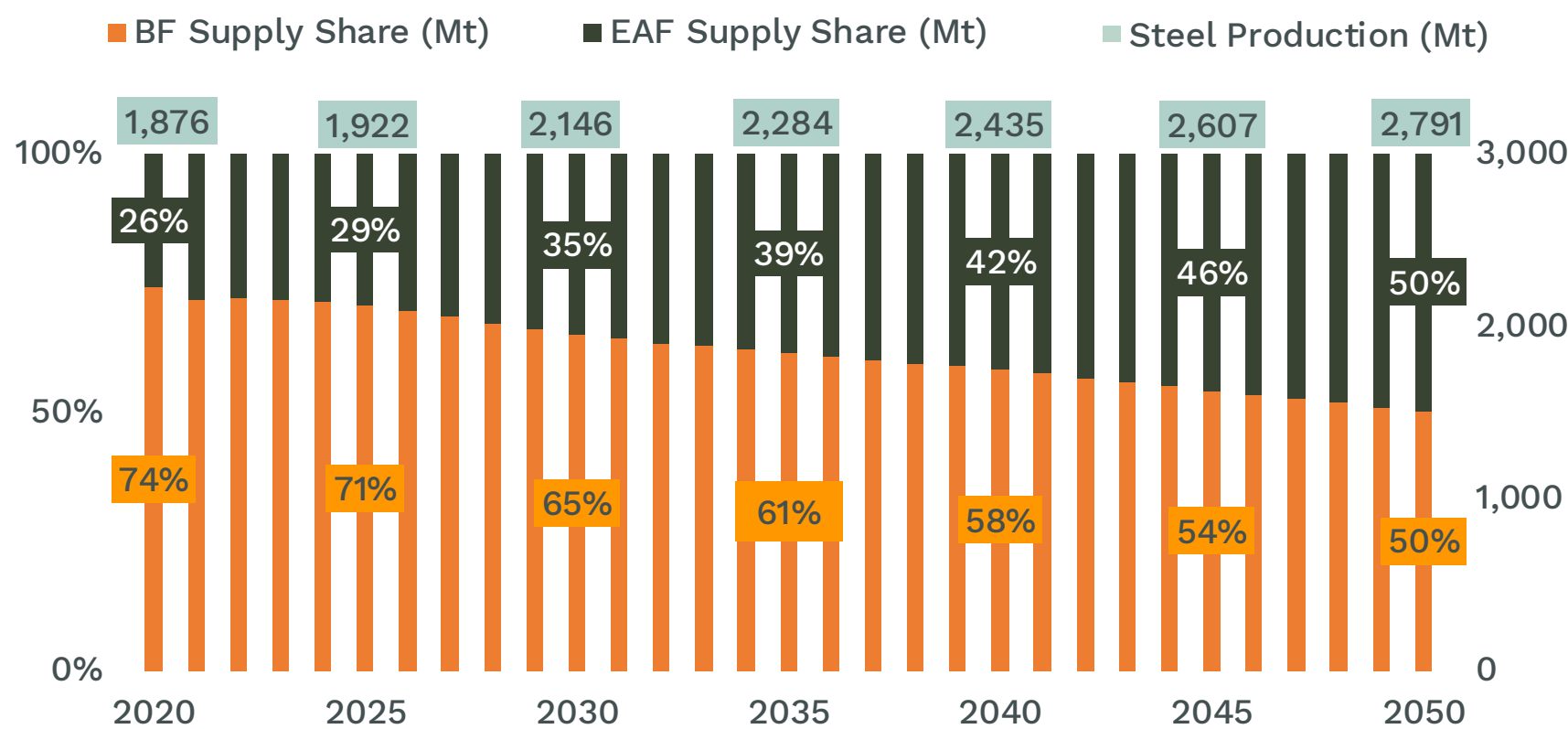
Major Shift in Steel Making Process

EAF share of global steel production expected to increase from 29% to 50% by 2050 (c.870Mt annualised increase)

EAF demand shift driven by:

- ✓ Lower operating cost
- ✓ Higher efficiency
- ✓ Lower emissions
- ✓ Global state and corporate commitments to achieve net-zero emissions by 2050

EAF Share of Steel Production is Expected to Rise¹



Note: Basic Oxygen Furnace (BOF); Carbon Capture, Usage, and Storage (CCUS); Natural Gas (NG); Hydrogen (H2)
1. Source: AME June 2025
2. Source: Wood Mackenzie (Link: Whats next for green steel technologies)
3. Gangue content (Si2O3 + Al2O3)

Electric Arc Furnace Steel vs Blast Furnace Steel²

	EAF	BF
Iron feedstock Grade Required	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ High Fe (>67%)▪ Low impurities³ (<2.5%)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Low / medium Fe
Ironmaking Step	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ DRI pellet plant	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Sinter plant
Steelmaking Technology	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Electric furnace	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Blast oxygen furnace
Energy Source	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Electricity▪ Natural gas	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Coking coal▪ Fuel oil▪ Natural gas
Emissions (kg CO ₂ /t _{HM})	<div><div>845</div><div>DRI+EAF (NG)</div></div> <div><div>106</div><div>DRI+EAF (H2)</div></div>	<div><div>2,010</div><div>BF+BOF</div></div> <div><div>1,568</div><div>BF+BOF (H2+CCUS)</div></div>
Capex intensity (US\$/t)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ >400	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ 300
Opex (US\$/t)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ 620	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ 760

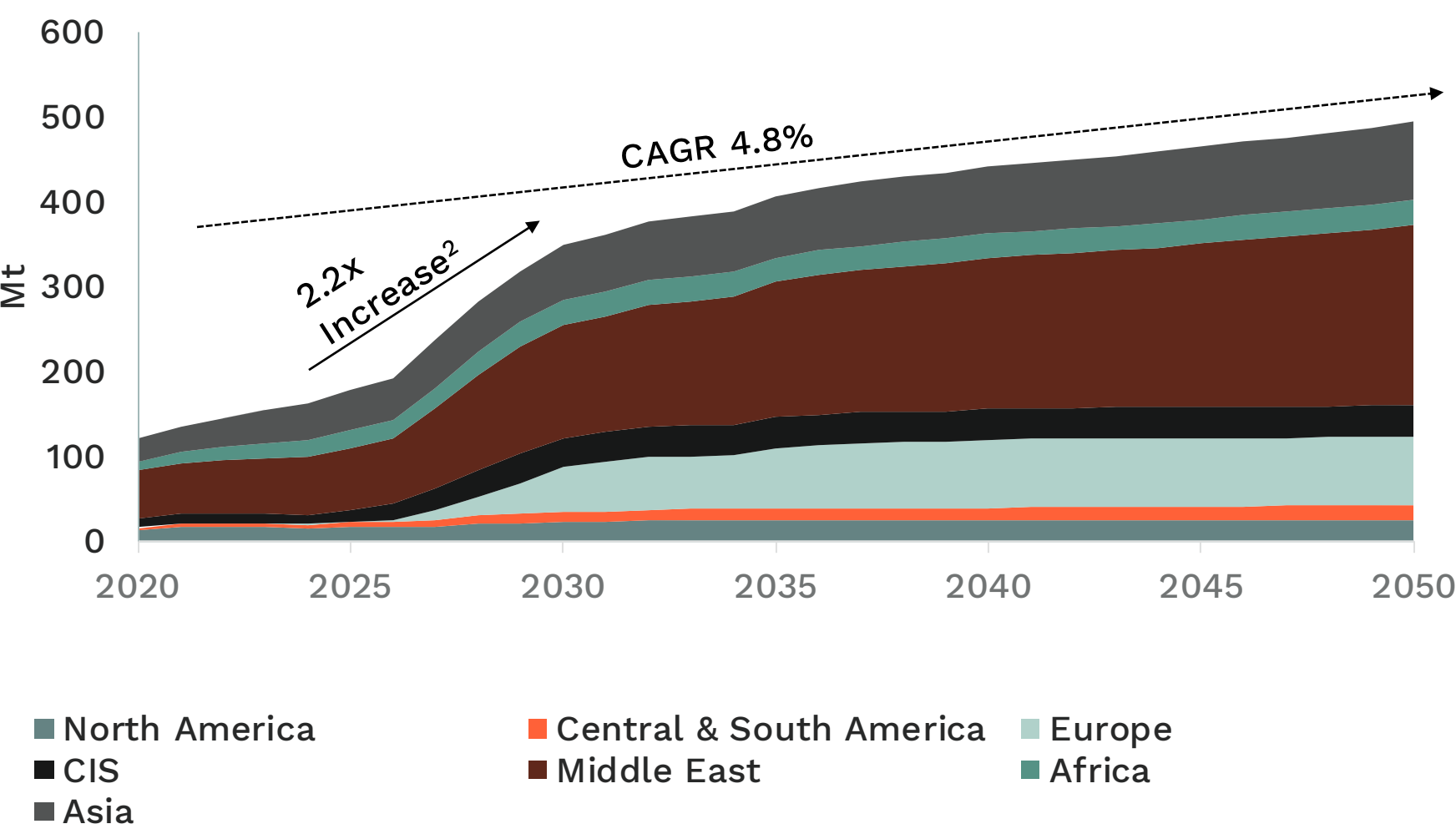
Electric Arc Furnaces are cleaner, more efficient and have lower operating costs... but require high-grade DRI pellet feed

Driving demand for DRI pellet feed

DRI Test Work

Significant Increase in Pellet Demand¹

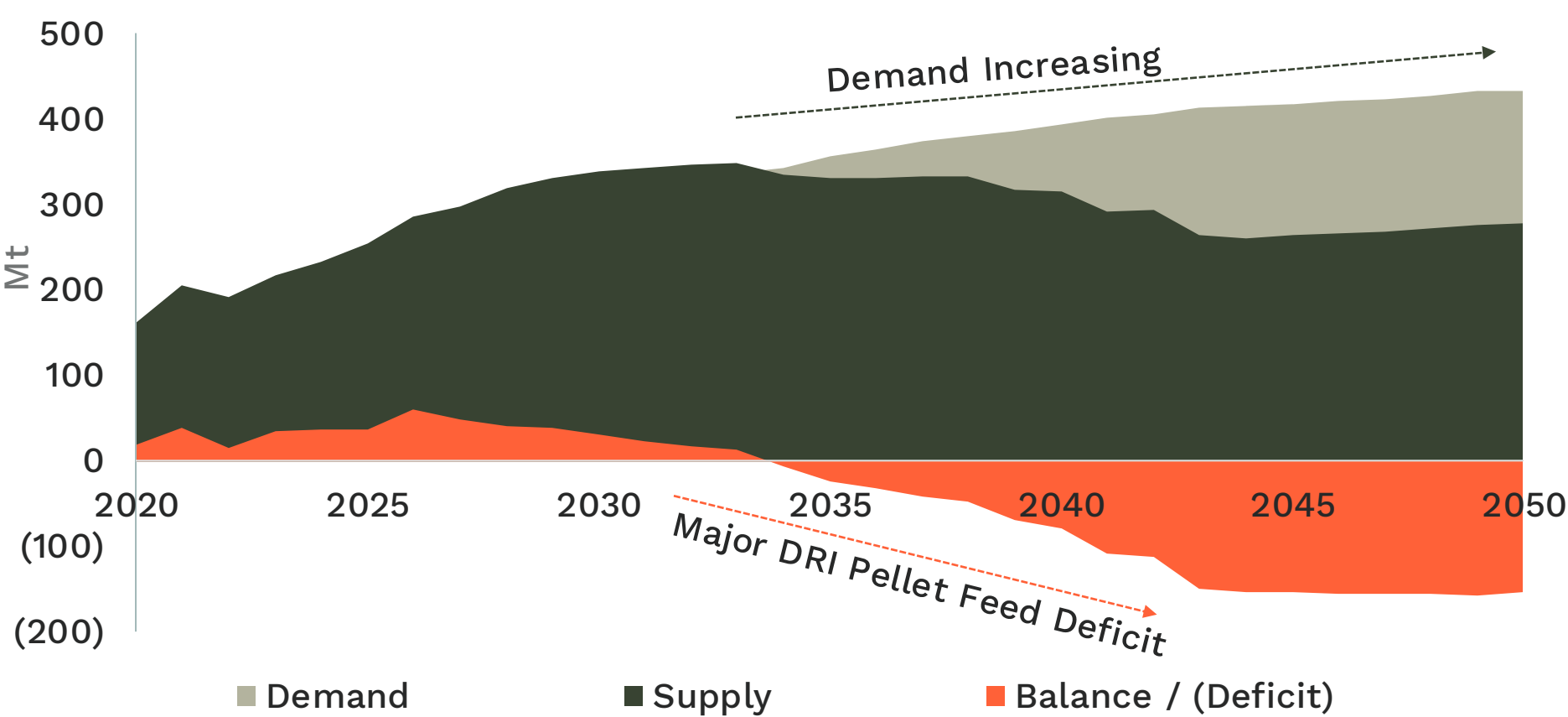
EAF transition will require a substantial increase in the supply of DRI pellets and scrap
Scrap availability and quality issues will limit large-scale consumption



Note: Compound Annual Growth Rate ("CAGR")
1. Source: AME June 2025
2. From 2024 till 2030

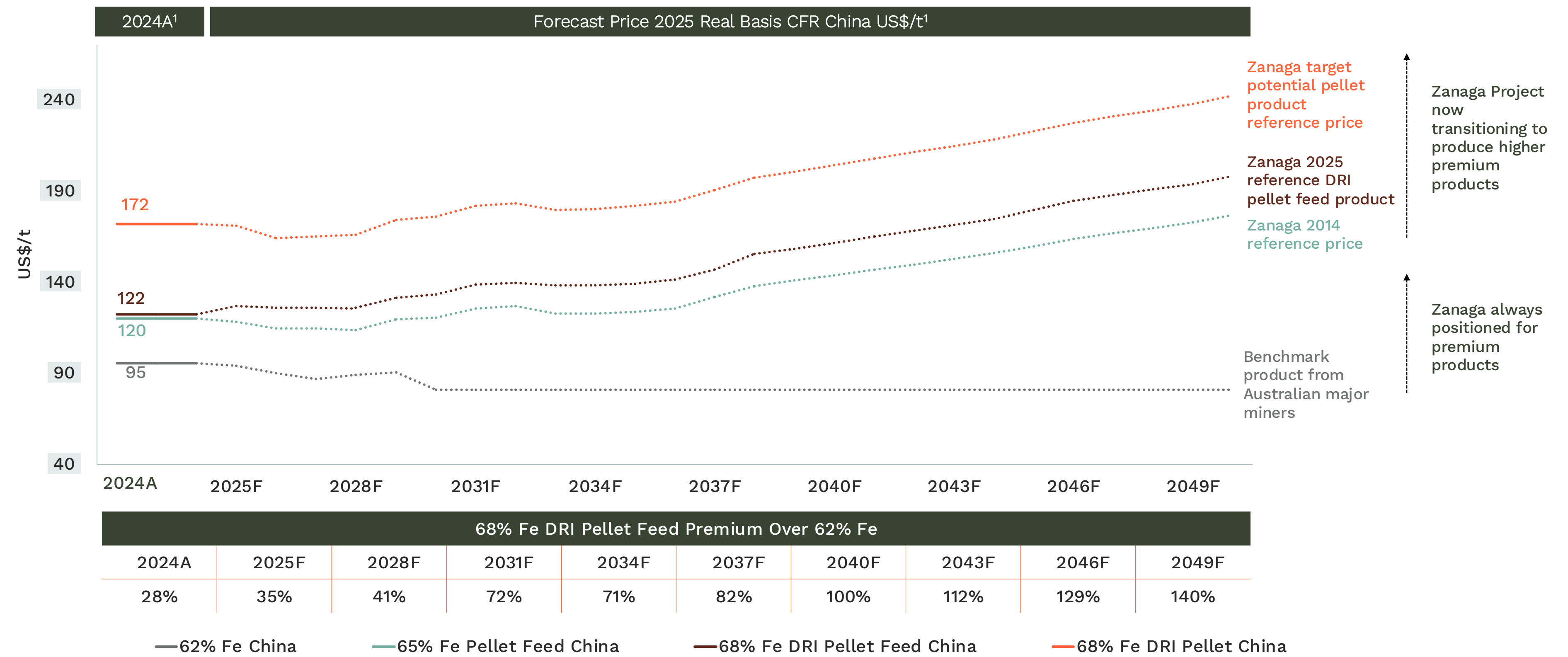
Causing Major Supply Deficit of DRI Pellet Feed¹

Limited iron ore assets capable of producing DRI quality product (especially at scale)
Global iron ore majors are forecasting declining iron grades and increasing impurities, driving premiums for high-quality product
Zanaga Project is well-placed in combined scale and quality, offering DRI product at 30Mtpa scale



High-grade iron ore product continues to achieve the premium prices

DRI Test Work



Zanaga Project achieved positive DRI results in Q2 2025



DRI Test Work



PROCESS OVERVIEW

- Test work completed during Q2 2025 utilising revised process flow sheet
- ✓ Primary test work conducted in an internationally accredited laboratory in China
- ✓ Independently verified in an internationally accredited laboratory in the UK



RESULTS

	Product	%Fe	%Si ₂ O ₃	%Al ₂ O ₃	%P
Zanaga Products	Hematite concentrate (Stage 1)	68.5	1.05	0.47	0.034
	Magnetite concentrate (Stage 2)	69.1	1.96	0.40	0.028
Minimum Spec.	DRI Quality	≥67	<2.0	<0.5	≤0.03

No significant change to capital and operating costs expected from the updated process flow sheet



IMPACT

- ✓ Financial benefit: Following the product grade confirmation from the DRI test work program, Zanaga Project now has a higher NPV value than previously expected
- ✓ Strategic benefit: Capability to sell product to the growing market of EAF-based steel producers



NEXT STEPS

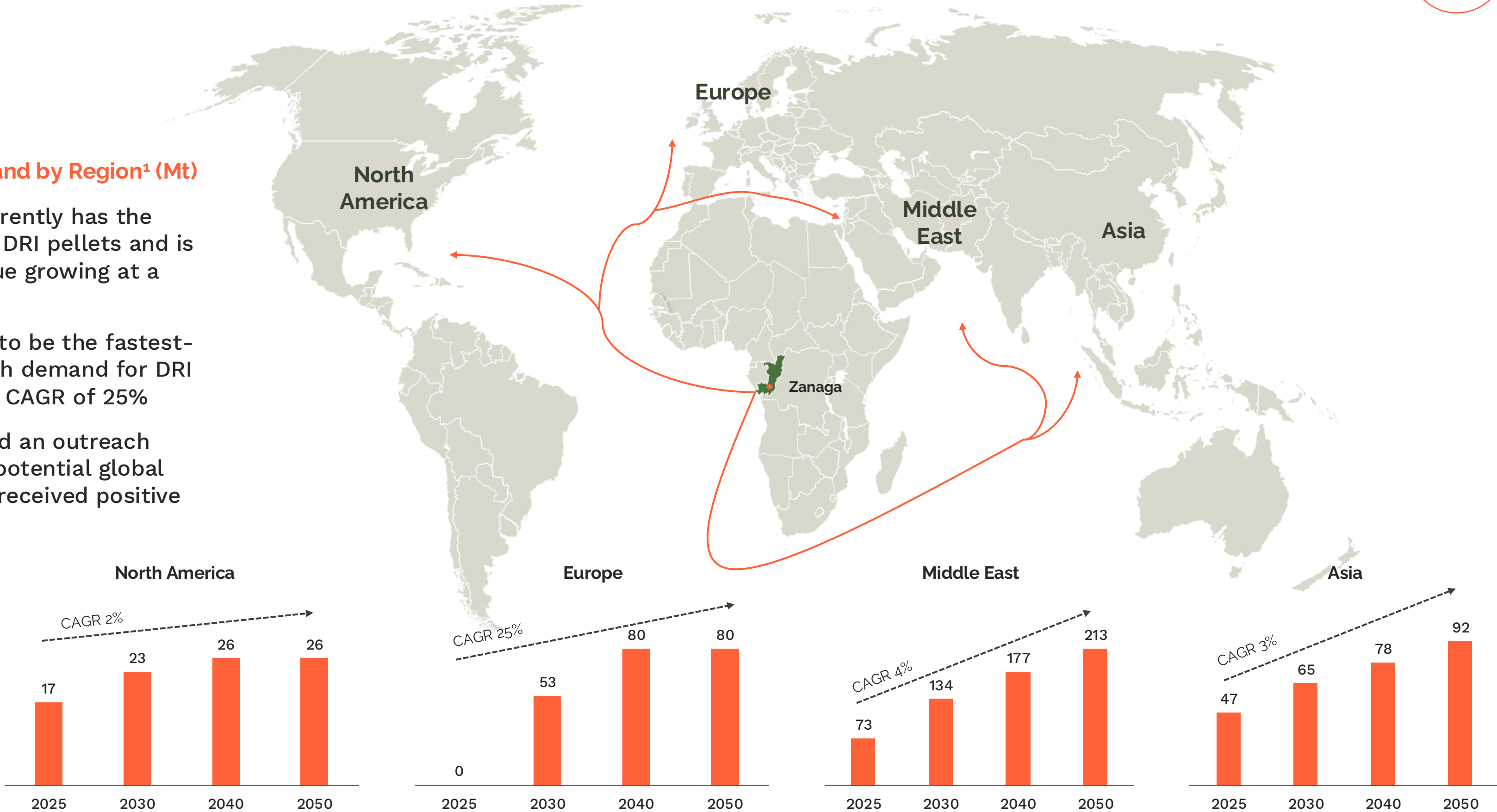
- ✓ Pilot-scale test work program in the final stages of planning
- ✓ Re-costing for the updated process flowsheet (Capex and Opex), with other ongoing value-added work streams

Potential global market for Zanaga's DRI grade pellet feed product

DRI Test Work

Global DRI Pellet Demand by Region¹ (Mt)

- ✓ The Middle East currently has the highest demand for DRI pellets and is projected to continue growing at a CAGR of 4%
- ✓ Europe is expected to be the fastest-growing market, with demand for DRI pellets growing at a CAGR of 25%
- ✓ Zanaga has launched an outreach program to engage potential global customers and has received positive feedback



Source: AME June 2025.

Pellet Plant Feasibility Study

Opportunity for development of bolt-on pellet plants, enhancing product quality further and strategic asset value

Summary

- ✓ Republic of Congo is striving to develop new industrial manufacturing capability. Gas and energy in-country provide ideal environment to build pellet plants for Zanaga's high grade iron ore.
- ✓ Pointe Indienne SEZ ideally suited for industrial activity, adequately supported by excess power capacity from neighbouring CEC power plant
- ✓ Opportunity also identified to pelletise in the Middle-East
- ✓ Study to confirm: Pointe Indienne SEZ and/or Middle East sites well-suited to hosting Zanaga's pellet plant facilities, with low operating costs expected

Non-Monetary impact

- ✓ Strategic capability to sell furnace-ready product direct to steel producers
- ✓ Environmental opportunity for steel customers seeking to reduce carbon footprint



Single 30Mtpa Capacity Pipeline Feasibility Study

03

Opportunity to reduce significant cost and accelerate timing of Stage 2 expansion by building a larger capacity pipeline in Stage 1

Summary

- ✓ Opportunity to build a single 30Mtpa capacity pipeline in Stage 1, batch material during Stage 1 operations, and entirely eliminate the need for a second pipeline in Stage 2
- ✓ Stage 2 pipeline elimination would potentially reduce Stage 2 capex costs substantially:
- ✓ ~US\$700m saving in Stage 2 expansion (including ~US\$485m direct cost reduction)
- ✓ Lower Stage 2 capex would result in faster capability to finance and execute Stage 2 expansion utilising Stage 1 cash flows
- ✓ Study to confirm: Capability to significantly reduce costs of Stage 2 and substantially reduce engineering, environmental, and social aspects of Stage 2 expansion project

Non-Monetary impact

- ✓ No second approval process required, no further ESHIA, and elimination of second pipeline project construction workstream
- ✓ Less power consumed (lower pressure in larger single pipeline) and simplified operations



Thickened and Dry Tailings Study

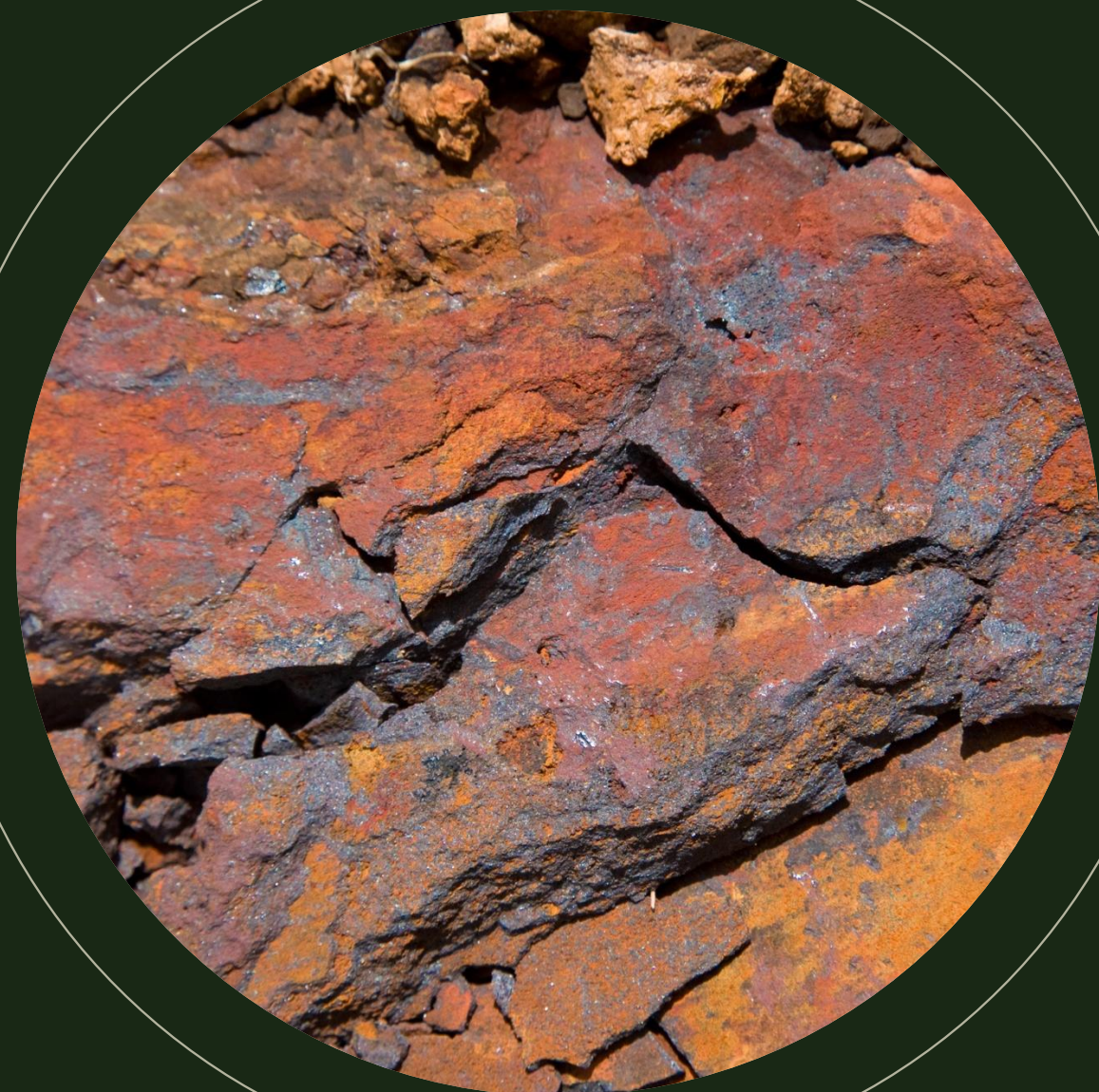
Ability to significantly reduce volume and cost of tailings management

Summary

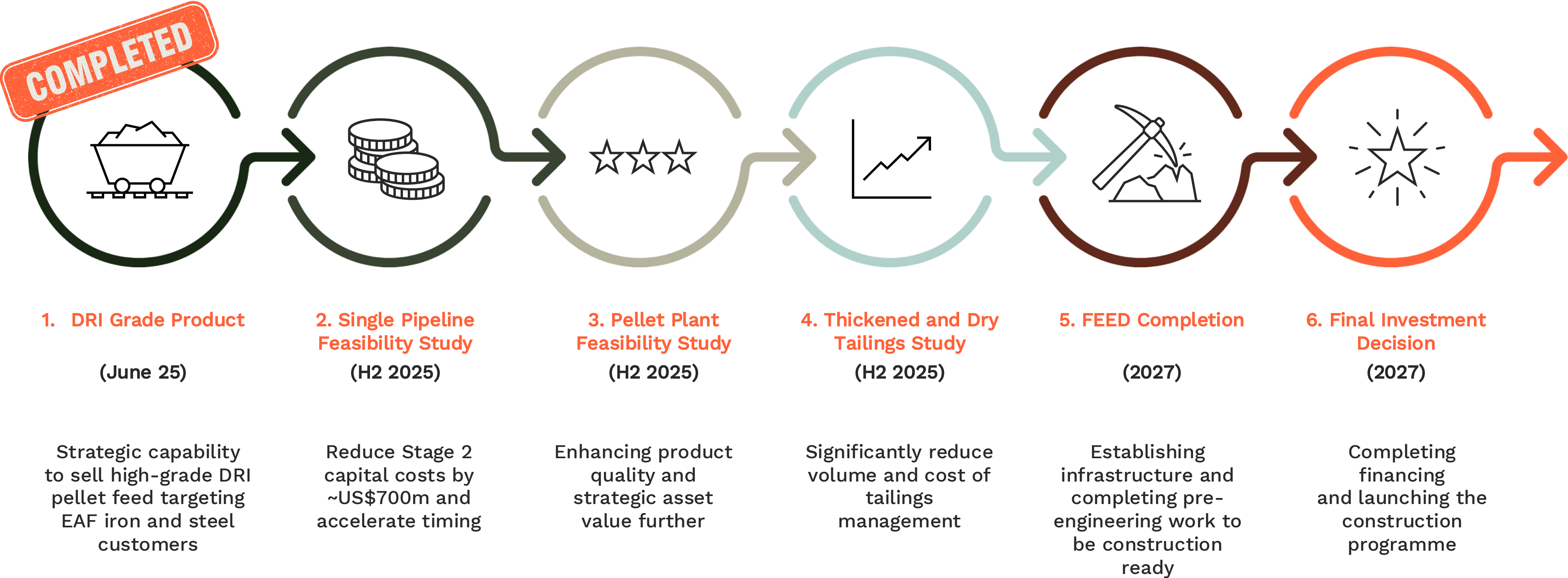
- ✓ Large wet Tailings Storage Facility (TSF) currently planned for base case staged development project
- ✓ Opportunity to utilise paste or filtered tailings technology to reduce moisture content, substantially reduce long-term management costs (via reduced sustaining capex), and benefit from a smaller footprint TSF with simpler and progressive rehabilitation
- ✓ Study to confirm: Substantial capital and operating cost reductions available from reduced water management and improved production efficiencies

Non-Monetary impact

- ✓ Significantly reduced tailings storage facility (TSF) footprint, reduced construction and operations complexity, and simplified rehabilitation



Unique Project Offering Multiple Near-Term Upside Value Creation





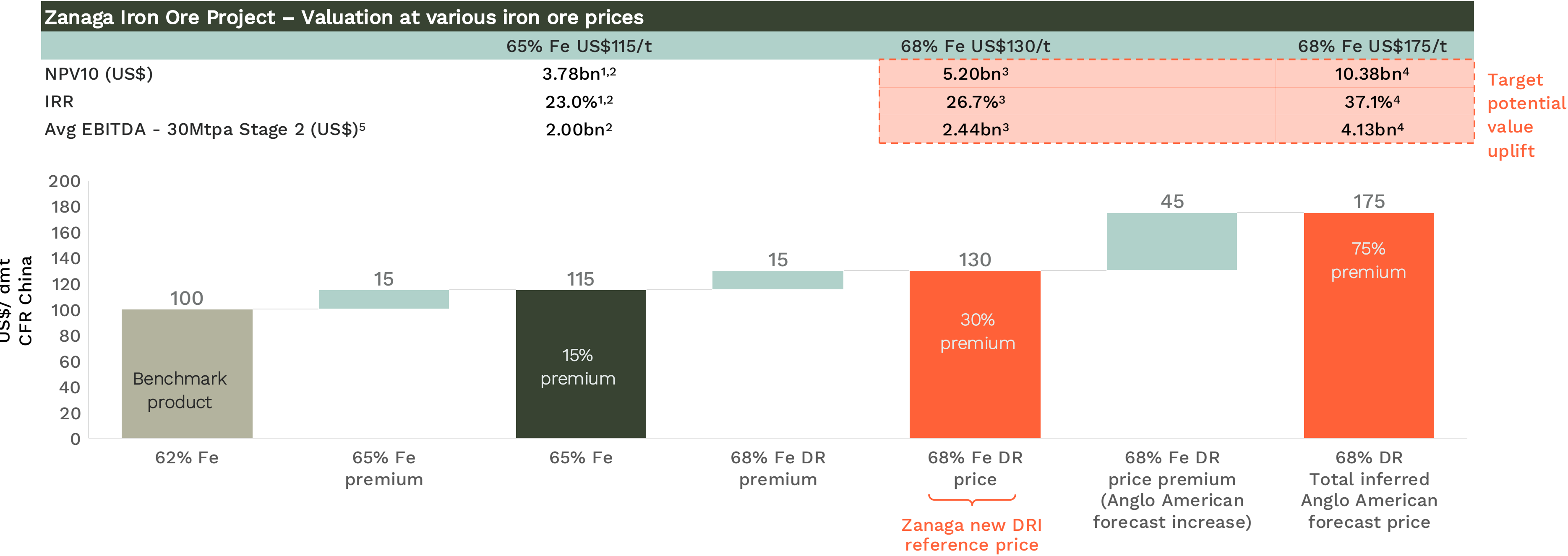
05

Investment Thesis

Ability to Achieve DRI Pellet Feed Specification has the Potential to Transform the Economics of the Zanaga Project

Latest test work confirms Zanaga Project's ability to produce a DRI grade pellet feed product, with the potential to enhance project value significantly

Iron ore price differential expected to increase further (Illustrative scenario)





06

Conclusion

Conclusion

- ✓ 100% project ownership now secured
- ✓ Permits awarded and enshrined in law by the Republic of Congo Government
 - ✓ Mining exploitation licence, Environmental Permit, Mining Convention
- ✓ Led by an experienced team, backed by a highly successful investor base
- ✓ Robust project fundamentals, supported by extensive study work
 - ✓ Attractive project economics
 - ✓ Large orebody defined to support long-life development
 - ✓ High-quality product aligned with the growing market demand for decarbonised steel market
 - ✓ Q1 2024 FS update demonstrated robust economics in today's market
 - ✓ Ability to produce DRI grade pellet feed
 - ✓ Value engineering opportunities underway, fully funded, with significant value upside potential
- ✓ Enhanced investment differentiation over competing projects
- ✓ Clear schedule and resources to achieve objectives



Thank you



Appendix

Compelling Value Comparable: Recent Transaction (Kami Project)

Dec 2024: Champion Iron sold 49% of its 'Kami' Iron Ore Project to Nippon Steel and Sojitz for US\$245mm, an Enterprise Value of US\$500mm for the Project

Category	Kami Project	Zanaga Project		Comments
Enterprise Value	US\$500mm (Dec 24)	US\$ 84mm (May 2025)		Lower cost entry (market value 7% x Kami transaction comparable valuation)
		<u>Stage 1</u>	<u>Stage 2</u>	
Resource	976 Mt	6,900 Mt		7.1 x larger Resource vs Kami
Reserve	643 Mt	2,200 Mt		3.4 x larger Reserve vs Kami
Scale	8.6 Mtpa	12 Mtpa	30 Mtpa	3.5 x production scale vs Kami
Study Level	Pre-FS	FS (updated 2024)		More advanced studies (80% engineered) vs Kami
Scale Potential	No expansion identified	60 Mtpa mine plan produced		Further expansion potential to become one of the largest iron ore assets globally vs Kami
Fe Grade (product)	67.6%	66%	68.5%	Higher Fe grade post expansion vs Kami
DRI grade	Yes	Yes		
Permitting	Permitted	Permitted		-
Mining License	Secured	Secured		-
Capital investment	US\$2.9bn	US\$2.0bn	Self financed ¹	Lower capex intensity, with benefit of expansion self-financed by Stage 1 vs Kami
Opex	US\$69/t	US\$31.5/t	US\$24.9/t	Significantly lower opex vs Kami
Life of Mine	25 years	+30 Years		Longer mine life vs Kami
NPV (US\$120/t; 65%)	US\$0.54bn	US\$2.5bn ⁴	US\$4.6bn ⁴	Higher NPV
IRR	9.8%	23.9%	25.2%	Higher IRR
NPV (US\$150/t 65% = US\$180/t 68% DR)	US\$1.69bn	US\$5.9bn ⁵	US\$10.2bn ⁵	Higher NPV
IRR	14.8%	36.1%	37.0%	Higher IRR

With DRI potential confirmed, Zanaga provides larger production scale at lower capex intensity, and significantly lower opex.

Kami financial returns sourced from company presentations.

1. Stage 2 capital expenditure of US\$1.95bn is planned to be self financed by Stage 1 cash flows and/or debt refinancing

2. Real discount rate of 8% for Kami Project, 10% for Zanaga Project

3) Freight rate of US\$22/wmt (C3) aligned to Kami price for Zanaga metrics

4) Based on US\$120/t 65% Fe and no additional DRI premium, assuming mine produces DRI grade product

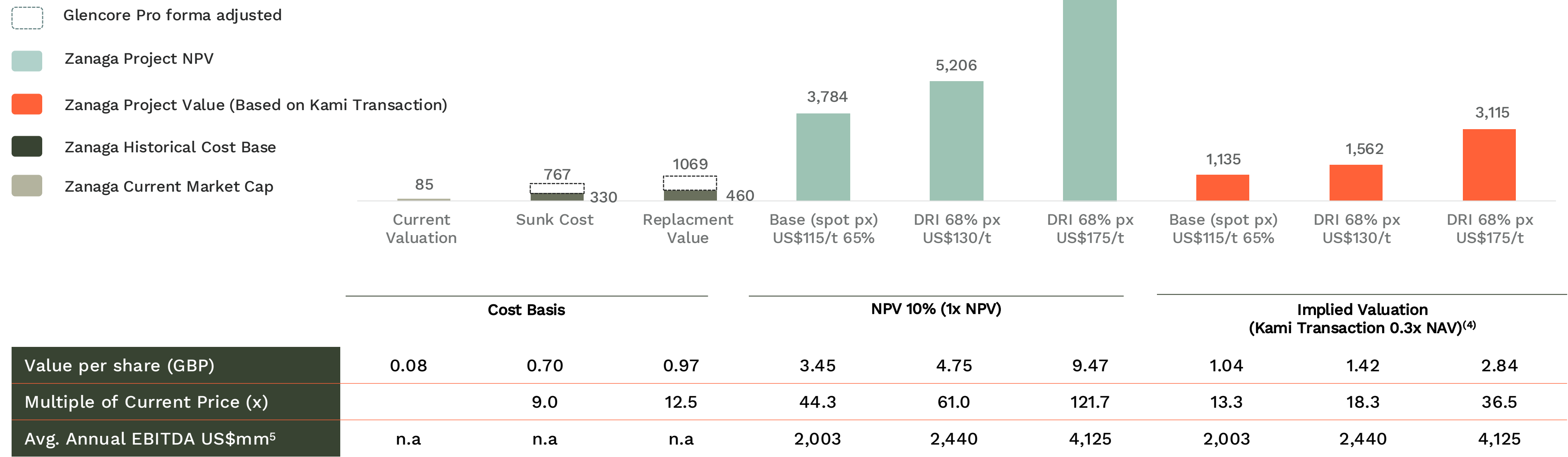
5) Based on US\$150/t 65% Fe and DRI premium US\$10/t over 65% Fe per % Fe, assuming mine produces DRI grade product

Zanaga Project Value Build Up

Zanaga management has conducted product test work to determine Zanaga's ability to produce DRI-grade product. DRI test work proves, based on Kami's transaction comparable a significant value potential.

Value Comparable Analysis

US\$m unless noted



Cost Basis

NPV 10% (1x NPV)

Implied Valuation
(Kami Transaction 0.3x NAV)⁽⁴⁾

1. As of 26th November, at GBp7.78 per share (~USc10/sh),
2. Historical accrued asset spend,
3. Historical accrued asset spend (CPI adjusted),
4. Champion Iron Ore Kami transaction (Dec '24)
5. Steady state EBITDA when 30Mtpa run rate is achieved